CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0470 HISTORY

0470/22

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 50

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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Option A: 19th Century topic

| 1 | Study Sources A and B. How far do these two sources agree? Explain your answer details of the sources. | using [7] |
|---|---|----------------|
| | Level 1 – Writes about the sources, no valid comparison | [1] |
| | Level 2 – Disagree: identifies information in one source but not in the other OR Agree: they are on the same topic | [2] |
| | Level 3 – Agreements OR disagreements of detail | [3–5] |
| | Level 4 – Agreements AND disagreements of detail | [6] |
| | Level 5 – Disagreement on the Big Message: Cavour is the guiding force in Source A, Casswept along by events in Source B. | vour is [7] |
| 2 | Study Sources C and D. Do these two sources show that Cavour's views had char Explain your answer using details of the sources and your knowledge. | nged? [8] |
| | Level 1 – Writes about the sources, no valid comparison/conclusion | [1] |
| | Level 2 – Yes: answers based on time difference | [2] |
| | Level 3 – No: comparison of content for agreement | [3–4] |
| | Level 4 – Yes: comparison of content for disagreement | [5] |
| | Level 5 – Yes/No: compares content for disagreement, uses cross-reference to explain/rese | olve [6–7] |
| | Level 6 – Yes/ No: explained using evaluation of Source D for purpose/audience. | [8] |
| 3 | Study Sources E and F. Does Sirtori (Source F) prove that Bertoni was lying in Sour Explain your answer using the sources and your knowledge. | rce E? [8] |
| | Level 1 – Writes about the sources, fails to address the question | [1] |
| | Level 2 – Yes/No: undeveloped provenance | [2] |
| | Level 3 – Yes: because Cavour says different things in the two sources | [3] |
| | Level 4 – Yes: because Cavour's attitude is different in the two sources | [4–5] |
| | Level 5 – No: Cavour could have said all these things, Bertoni is just representing him unfavourable way in E | in an [6] |
| | Level 6 – Yes/No: explained using evaluation of source(s). | [7–8] |

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|---|---------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | | ce G. Are you s | urprised that Cavour imme | diately published th | |
| | Level 1 – Wr | rites about sourc | e, no valid conclusion on sur | prise | [1 |
| | Level 2 – No | : answers based | d on content – he wanted to ir | nform people | [2 |
| | | • | ons based on 'everyday empa ternal to the source. | thy' | [3 |
| | Level 4 – No | : explained using | g the context | | [4 |
| | | s: surprised he v | would let Garibaldi look bad a | as they were all supp | osed to be working [5 |
| | Level 6 - No | : explains Cavo | ur's purpose of discrediting G | aribaldi | [6] |
| | Level 7 – No | : explains Cavo | ur's purpose of discrediting G | Garibaldi in the specif | ic context of 1860 [7 |
| ı | • | ce H. What is the e and your kno | ne message of this cartoon wledge. | n? Explain your ans | wer using details [8] |
| | Level 1 – Su | rface description | n of cartoon | | [1 |
| | Level 2 – Mis | sinterpretations | | | [2 |
| | Level 3 – Su | b-messages | | | [3–5 |
| | | e Big Message . Garibaldi has S | Southern Italy and Victor Emm | nanuel wants to remo | [6–7 ve it from him. |
| | i.e | | Message Southern Italy and Victor Emn o whether or not he will succe | | [8 ove it from him, bu |
| ; | • | | these sources provide con e the sources to explain yo | _ | at Cavour was ir [12 |
| | Level 1 – No | valid source us | e | | [1–3 |
| | Level 2 – Us | e sources to sup | pport OR reject the statement | | [4–6 |
| | Level 3 – Us | es sources to su | upport AND reject the statement | ent | [7–10 |
| | | | | | |

Source use must be reference to a source by letter, by provenance or by direct quote. There must be examples from source content. There must be an explanation of how this supports/does not support the statement.

Use Y in the margin for each valid source use in support of the statement, and N for each source use rejecting the statement.

| Yes | No |
|-------|------|
| ABCDF | BDEG |

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Option B: 20th Century Option

| 1 | | urce A. How surprised would people in countries controlled by the Sen by this speech? Explain your answer using details of the sources. | |
|---|-----------|--|------------------------|
| | Level 1 – | Identifies what is/is not surprising, no valid reason given | [1] |
| | Level 2 – | Valid analysis of source but fails to state surprised/not surprised | [2] |
| | | Assertions based on undeveloped 'everyday empathy' i.e. surprised that a Russian/Communist would be nasty about Stalin supposed to support him | [3] as they are |
| | Level 4 – | Not surprised: cross-reference to contextual knowledge to check details ab | out Stalin [4–5] |
| | | Not surprised: cross-reference to Source D on Khrushchev wanting to Yugoslavia | be nice to [6] |
| | | Surprised: explanation in context of why it's surprising that Khrushchev w Stalin/why people in Eastern Europe would be surprised that Khrushchev repression 7 marks when context of Soviet control over Eastern Europe is used to exp | is slackening [6–7] |
| 2 | • | urces B and C. How similar are these two cartoons? Explain your are the sources and your knowledge. | nswer using [9] |
| | Level 1 – | Describes cartoon(s), but no valid comparison or interpretation | [1] |
| | | Different: identifies something that is in one cartoon but not the other OR Similar: about the same topic | [0] |
| | | OR Similar/different: comparison of provenance | [2] |
| | Level 3 – | Valid interpretation of cartoon(s), no valid comparison | [3–4] |
| | | Similar OR different: comparison of details/sub-messages This must relate to something the cartoons have in common: e.g. Hungary, Soviet Union etc. | [5–6] Khrushchev, |
| | Level 5 – | Similar AND different: comparison of details/sub-messages | [7] |
| | | Different: compares big messages Either Soviets losing control of satellites in B, keeping control in C OR Soviets losing control in B, hypocrisy of UN in C. | [8–9] |

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| • | ces D and E. How far does Source D prove s unreliable? Explain your answer using det | | |
| Level 1 – Wr | ites about the sources, no mention of proof/reliabili | ty | [1] |
| Level 2 – An | swers based on undeveloped provenance | | [2] |
| Level 3 – Ye | s: answers based on comparison of sources for diff | erences | [3–4] |
| Level 4 – No | : answers based on comparison of sources for agree | eement | [5] |
| Level 5 – Ev | aluates either source for proof, but no content comp | oarison | [6] |
| | mpares content, evaluates source(s) to say whethe aluation of D must be specific to the situation in Yuç | _ | [7–8] |
| • | ces F and G. Which of these sources is more Crisis? Explain your answer using details of the | | |
| Level 1 – Ad | dresses useful/not useful, but no explanation of 'mo | ore' useful | [1–2] |
| Level 2 – 'Mo | ore' useful judged on quantity/difference of informat | ion | [3–4] |
| | urce F is more useful as it provides information m view | which would norn | • |
| i.e. | . G was openly available and its content readily ava es insights which would normally be unavailable | ailable, whereas F | [5] was secret and |
| Level 4 – Wh | nich is 'more' useful depends on what you want to u | se them for. | [6] |
| • | ce H. Why was this cartoon published in 195 e source and your knowledge. | 6? Explain your | answer using [8] |
| Level 1 – Su | rface description of the cartoon | | [1] |
| | sinterpretations OR interprets cartoon/describes of blication | context, but no re | eason given for [2] |
| | cause of the context old be wider than just 1956, i.e. Cold War in genera | al | [3] |
| Level 4 – Va | lid sub-messages (not on the Soviet Union) | | [4] |
| Level 5 – Va | lid messages about the Soviet Union | | [5] |
| Laval C. Da | cause of the cartoonist's opinion about the situation | 1 | [6] |
| Level 6 – Be | cause of the cartoonist's opinion about the situation | ' | [6] |

[8]

Level 8 – Purpose explained in context.

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6 Study all the sources. Do these sources provide convincing evidence that the Soviet Union was to blame for the crisis in Hungary? Use the sources to explain your answer. [12]

| Level 1 – No valid source use [1– | -3 | ,] |
|-----------------------------------|----|----|
|-----------------------------------|----|----|

Award up to 2 bonus marks for evaluation of sources (no more than 1 per source).

Source use must be reference to a source by letter, by provenance or by direct quote. There must be examples from source content. There must be an explanation of how this supports/does not support the statement.

Use Y in the margin for each valid source use in support of the statement, and N for each source use rejecting the statement.

| Yes | No |
|---------|--------|
| ABCDFGH | BCDEFG |